

| Areas of Concern | Uurnik Connect | MPLS |
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| Areas of Concern | | MPLS |
| Target Customers | Suitable for large, medium and small sized enterprises | Suitable for large-size enterprises |
| Location Limitation | None. Any location is possible. The basic requirement being Internet termination at the customer location from any provider | provider has network laid out or one of its |
| Orientation | Any site-to-Any site, Full Mesh, Partial Mesh, Octopus Style (Multipoint and Point-to-Point technology) | Any site-to-Any site, Full Mesh, Partial Mesh, Octopus Style; requires special measures (Multipoint technology) |
| Deployment Time and Network Availability | Instant , easy and fast deployments like its for remote home user via Internet | Tedious, have to wait for media provisioning on site, like laying of fiber, supplier management, complex logistics involved |
| Cost | Low | High |
| Cloud Based Services | Wide array of Cloud based services available for customers over Internet | Limited availability of Cloud-based services for customers via their MPLS solution |
| WAN Technology Limitation on All Sites | No requirement of the WAN technology to be same on all sites. It can be a mixture of ADSL, 3G, Ethernet (based on fiber, etc.) or leased lines. Customers may have ADSL on one site and Ethernet on the other | Generally, an MPLS Service provider tends to deploy all connections using same technology e.g. Ethernet. However, this is not a requirement |
| Platforms Support | Supported on Routers (with appropriate security features license), Firewalls, VPN concentrators, etc. | MPLS can be terminated at any Layer 3 device such as Router, Firewall, Layer 3 Switches, etc. |
| OSI Layer | Works up to Layer 7 | Works between Layer 2 and Layer 3 |
| Decision Control of Traffic Routing | Customer has the control over traffic routing | Service provider has the control over traffic and its routing |
| Security & Confidentiality | Can use encryption, if required | Does not require encryption unless a customer has special compliance requirements |
| Provisioning and Management | Solution providers & customers can perform configuration and provisioning of entire setup | Service provider is responsible for providing and maintaining MPLS connectivity. |
| Mix of Providers | It does not matter if the Internet Service Providers (ISPs) are different on different sites. All that's required is an internet connection | If an MPLS Service Provider doesn't have presence at a particular site, it either has to build its infrastructure or may form interconnects with another provider having presence. The latter is possible but requires channel partnerships & a lot of engineering |
| Deployment Time and Network Availability | Instant , easy and fast deployments like its for remote home user via Internet | Tedious, have to wait for media provisioning on site, like laying of fiber, supplier management, complex logistics involved |
| Configuration Management | Every time a new site gets added, the advanced solution does not require configuration on all the other sites. Legacy technologies required configuration updates on rest of the sites. That's no more the case. | Limited configuration changes may be required on other sites when a new site comes up e.g. routing policy updates |
| Suboptimal Traffic Traversal | Traffic from one branch site to another does not need to traverse via the headoffice. Legacy security technologies drove this until a separate secure connection was setup for each site. That's no more the case! | Traffic from one branch site to another goes direct without traversing the headoffice |
| Communication Between Sites | Dynamic establishment/tearing down of a secure communication channel between the branches is possible. No special configuration is required for that. Legacy technologies enabling secure connections were static . That's no more the case! | Traffic from one site to another uses pre- deployed physical links |